IN MEMORIAM

SYDNEY WANASINGHE - PEERLESS PUBLISHER

S ydney Wanasinghe, the veteran LSSP activist, died following a heart attack on 29 April at his home at Wellawatte, Colombo. He was 75 years old. He was in failing health for some time, which affected his physical movements but left untouched his marvellous memory. He was a boon to struggling writers researching the left

movement.

He was born at Raddoluwa, Seeduwa, on 16 February 1932 and was educated at St. Mary's College, Negombo, St. Joseph's College, Colombo, and S. Thomas' College, Mount Lavinia. He joined the LSSP while still a university student in the early 1950s. He was the live-wire of an active group of Samasamajists who distributed the party documents on the Peradeniya campus. These were the pre-and post-Hartal days when the LSSP dominated campus politics. Sydney and his university

comrades used to collect bundles of the party weeklies at the Peradeniya railway station for street sales in Kandy.

After his graduation Sydney served as a teacher at Carey College, Colombo. In the 1960s he was back at Peradeniya University to obtain a diploma in education. He was also active in the teachers' trade union.

In 1958 he was nominated by the party to contest the Wellawatte North ward of the CMC. He succeeded his friend and party comrade Osmund Jayaratne as the LSSP representative for this ward. In the municipal by-election that ensued Sydney won the seat, which he held till 1965.

In the heady university days Sydney had teamed up with Vijaya Vidyasagara and Saravana Bhagawan (Baggy), editors of the *Samasamajist*. In the years to come they were drawn more closely together. Baggy began publishing Marxist classics in pamphlet form under the Star Press imprint. And eventually Sydney took over where Baggy left off and blossomed as a

peerless publisher of left books. He initiated the popular *Young Socialist* series, the publication of which coincided with the emergence of the left-wing faction in the LSSP on the eve of the party split in 1964. At that time he also opened a sales outlet – Suriya Bookshop.

Following the electoral defeat in the mid-1960s of the SLFP, its allies the LSSP and the CP unleashed a chauvinist campaign against Tamils. It was left for Sydney in the *Young Socialist* to document the wave of dreadful diatribes in the LSSP and CP press.

Sydney was one of the signatories of the resolution moved by fourteen central council members at the party conference in June 1964, which opposed the resolution of the leadership for entry into a coalition with the SLFP-led government. The former was defeated by an

overwhelming margin and supporters quit the LSSP to form the LSSP-R. Sydney later rejoined the party.

In the 1990s he became senior partner at the 'firm' of Wanasinghe and Wesley Muttiah. They searched the party archives and offered readers several volumes of vintage speeches and writings of the iconic figures in their glory days, when they reached commanding political heights. It has been a successful publishing venture; their books to mark anniversaries of working —class struggles spearheaded by the LSSP and birth centenaries of the left luminaries. Sydney was preparing a memoir of his friend Baggy when the end came.

His remains were cremated at the General Cemetery, Colombo, on 30 April. We extend condolences to his family, comrades and friends.

T.P. Kelaniya



BERNADEEN SILVA LIVES ON IN THE MOVEMENTS SHE WORKED FOR

Selvy Thiruchandran

My association with Bernadicen started twenty like years ago, except for a brief period when I was in the Netherlands. I was in touch with her constantly. The conversations we had over the phone and the meetings were meaningful. She had a tone that was very determined and forceful. There was no lingering. She personitied kindness and compassion and was ready to help anyone. She was able to easily transcend ethnic, religious and class factors to join in any struggle for achieving justice, peace and fair play. She was quick to condemn ethnic charvinism, religious extentiam and class oppression. Unlike many others in our midst she was loud and clear in the views are expressed.

She was always available for people in need. We could go in her without appointment if necessary. Often she would think aloud without hesitation "What can we co? We should do something."

For a person with such conviction and iden'ngical commitment it is not strange that she was sought after and became associated with the formation exist founding of many important organizations in Sri Lanka. She will be doubt find a place when the history of Alternative Movements in Sri Lanka common to be documented. Her vision was not limited but covered a will expedit in.

She was, along with others responsible for founding Kondesbooks, Penn Karal in Tamil and Force of Robert in Highsh. This organization was the first feminist organization of the 1970s and pionsered the women's movement of this country into new directions. The original copies of the journal brought not by this organization would bear ample testimony to the level of new diviogues it started. The first meeting during which the need for a women's organization was discussed, was held at Bornadon's bond at 1641, Don Carolis Road, as well as the subsequent meetings until the organization found its own premises.

Bernadeen was associated with the founding of Centre for Sociaty and Religion (CSR) - the pioneer movement for Liberation Theology in this country. In fact, she operated in many of the issues that were learnined by the CST. The pamphlets, journals, newsletters and books that were published by the CSR bear witness to Bernadeen's intervention and input in 1971, when there were many human rights violations. The Civil Rights Movement (CRM) was also launched which gave as lessons on *The Value of Discout* to a suciety that was fast deteriorating into intolerance. Bernadeen was one of the founders of CRM, and first CRM meeting was inargurated in Bernadeen's first at Barnes Place. Knowing her commitment to such issues as peace and justice and tair play others sought her our. The Social Sciencist's Association, The National Proportional (NPC) and People's Action for Free & Fair Bleetion (DAFERE), got her into their organizations and benefited

immensely by her contribution. She had the time and energy till the last to play a pro-extive role in various such abcurative movements.

Wy personn's dealings with Bernadern began when I joined Women's Education Central (WEC) in the forming of which Bernadeen was instrumental, WEC was later senamed Women's Education and Research Centre (WERC) and accepted its directorship Bernadeen as a Trustee and Borra member gave the directors and guidance along with Kuman layawardons, it was indeed a pleasure working with the apart in the accordination and corporation extended to me. Bernadeen rook a keen interest in the

development of the organization, in buying a premise and in enriverting the old Louse into the present structure. She played a major role in the progress of WERC. When depressed over national disasters or private purblems, Bernadent was thrustogive advice and guidance and cheer us up.

Barnatigen was involved in all our satisfities at WBRC. It was a joy that she was always there at meetings seminars and parties. At the end of such get-logethers she would stay be find to say a few words, talk to the staff, find our how they are fairing and cheer as by all. She talked, sanglend timeed with us.

Our question that carrie to all our minds, when the roomers her passing, was will we ever again have anyone like Barnaceen St.ve. The loss is irreporable.

